

# Iron County Register

BY ELI D. AKE.  
IRONTON, MISSOURI.

## NEWS AND NOTES.

### A Summary of Important Events.

GEN. SCHOFIELD has been assigned to the division of the Pacific.

THE Nebraska Republicans have nominated J. W. Dawes for Governor.

THE New York Democrats have nominated Grover Cleveland, of Buffalo, for Governor.

JUDGE HAYNES has granted Mr. Christian a divorce from his wife, on the ground of desertion.

It is positively stated at Washington that John C. New will succeed Secretary Folger in the treasury management.

JUDGE FOLGER, Secretary of the Treasury, has been nominated by the Republicans for Governor of New York.

SECRETARY FOLGER has issued a call for \$25,000,000 in continued 5 per cent, principal and interest payable Dec. 23.

THE President has appointed James C. Reed, H. B. Fry and Henry Blackstone to examine the Northern Pacific Railroad.

AHMED RIFAAT PASHA, removed some time ago at the request of Europeans, has been reappointed Governor of Alexandria.

PROF. HUXLEY has been offered £100 for each of two hundred lectures on popular science to be delivered in this country in 1883 and 1884.

THE Democrats of Colorado have nominated James B. Grant, of Lake County, for Governor, and John H. Powers, of Bent County, for Lieutenant-Governor.

THE contributions toward the Garfield Hospital at Washington amount to \$80,000. Consul Pexiotto, at Lyons, opened a subscription and received 15,000 francs.

TROUBLES have broken out in the Creek Nation. Murders and outrages have occurred, and the Indians are greatly excited. Serious disturbances are expected.

A CAUCUS of the Republicans of the Oregon Legislature nominated John H. Mitchell for United States Senator. The Democrats have selected Judge P. P. Prime.

THE steamer Neptune, which was sent with supplies for Lieut. Greeley's Arctic exploring station, has returned to Newfoundland. Solid ice was encountered within two degrees of the station.

THE citizens of Washington gave a reception to Engineer Melville, Lieut. Berry, and Ninderman and Noros. The address of welcome was delivered by R. W. Thompson, ex-Secretary of the Navy.

PETER COOPER, who was born in New York when the city had a population of 27,000, has spent the last three months in preparing his autobiography. His health is excellent and his mind unimpaired.

At a meeting called by the Democratic Federation in London, the other evening, resolutions were adopted calling upon the government to frame measures to prevent the introduction of Chinese labor into Great Britain.

A TABULATED statement just completed by the Bureau of Statistics at Washington shows that the wheat exports from New Orleans during August exceeded the exports for the same time last year by over 1,000,000 bushels.

THE Secretary of the Treasury has been considering for some time the advisability of issuing another bond call, for the purpose of relieving the existing stringency in the money market, and it is probable a call will soon be made for extended times.

ARABI PASHA says all his acts were at the instigation of the Khedive and Sultan, and that he was unable to restrain the Egyptian army from fighting. His office has been searched and important documents found. Thirty fanatical sheikhs have been placed in the citadel.

ABDELLAH PASHA's negotiations relative to the surrender of Damietta are regarded as intended to gain time. It is reported that he is again strengthening his fortifications. Said Abdallah is willing to surrender, but the black troops refuse. It is believed that the Egyptians are entrenched behind the fort on the east side of the river.

OFFICERS in search of Richard and William Skaggs, the Indiana murderers, found them at the house of their grandfather, Scotts Hedge, in Marion County, Ky. The murderers refused to surrender and opened fire on the officers. A general fight ensued, in which Richard lost his life. William was captured.

THE national convention of distillers and liquor-dealers, held at Cincinnati, issued a declaration that, while they have obeyed the most oppressive laws, they believe the sale of spirits should be placed on the same footing as other merchandise; that they favor a judicious license system, aiding the Government and protecting dealers. George T. Stagg, of St. Louis, was chosen president.

GEN. WOOD reached Damietta on the 23d. Abdallah surrendered, but the negro garrison fled. The Khedive has issued a manifesto declaring that England has great interests in Egypt, both in regard to the finances and traffic through the Suez Canal; that for the protection of those interests she was compelled to interfere, but that she has no intention of annexing the country. He has authorized Gen. Wolseley to represent him in restoring order and punishing the rebels.

A MARKED feature of the reunion of the Army of the Cumberland at Milwaukee was the gathering of one hundred members of the Iron Brigade, to whom General Gibbon read an original poem and Miss Aubrey presented a silk guidon. Speeches were made by Generals Bragg and Fairchild. Miss Ransom, a Washington artist, gave the Cumberland veterans an oil portrait of President Garfield, and General J. D. Cox delivered a eulogy on the martyred President.

## PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

MRS. DAVID WORDEN, of Fort Wayne, Ind., after having been cruelly beaten by her husband, set fire to her house and threw herself into the flames. She was rescued by a policeman, but was severely burned.

CHARLES MATTHEWS, editor of the Hornet, was shot four times and killed in an affray with Col. S. W. Fordyce, Vice-President of the St. Louis & Texas Narrow Gauge Railroad, and Col. Rugg, one of the proprietors of the Arlington Hotel, at Hot Springs, Ark., on the 22d. It is not known whether Fordyce or Rugg fired the fatal shot. Rugg was wounded.

M. DAVIS, postmaster at Athens, Ga., and Randall Brown, another negro, got into a political discussion the other night. Davis settled the point by fatally stabbing Brown in the abdomen.

GUS KNIGHT, a negro, assaulted the wife of Harmon McDaniel, a respected farmer of Jefferson County, Ga., the other day. He was arrested soon after, confessed, and was riddled with bullets by a party of disguised men.

MRS. DAVID HENNESSY, wife of a prosperous farmer near Troy, N. Y., took a dose of Paris green during a fit of temporary insanity, on the 21st, and died in about five hours. She was fifty years of age, and the mother of eight children.

THE members of the mining-stock firm of James G. Sands & Co., of New York, disappeared some days ago. Sands was secretary of several mining companies, and is said to have gone to Mexico. Two ladies have lost \$210,000 each by the collapse, and several prominent lawyers are out about \$10,000 each.

A DAUGHTER of William Smith O'Brien visited Castle Garden, New York, the other day, in search of information as to the treatment of immigrants on their arrival. She intends to establish a boarding-house for female emigrants in Liverpool.

THE steamer Edom is reported lost in a collision with the Lepanto, from Hull, on the 21st. Two sailors perished.

SEVERAL passengers were killed and many seriously injured by a collision of trains in the tunnel at Eighty-sixth street, New York, on the 22d. Following are the names of the dead so far as known: Sherman Adams, of Mt. Vernon; Frederick Stein, of New Rochelle; Miss J. Smith, school-teacher, of New York City; Eugene Aubert, school-teacher, of Mt. Vernon. It is claimed that the accident was the result of gross mismanagement.

MRS. M. W. FOLGER, aged 80, fell or jumped off a Wabash train between Bement and Monticello, Ill., the other morning, and was fatally injured. She was on her way from Hennepin to Little Rock, Ark. The body was interred in the Platt County Poor Farm.

A BRAKEMAN, conductor, and telegrapher have been held to answer for the collision in the New York tunnel.

PORTER WHITE, of Sedalia, Mo., took to drinking, some weeks ago, and treated his wife so badly she left him. On the night of the 23d he paid her a visit and killed her. He then put a bullet in his own brain, lingering but a short time.

MATHEW CONLY, of Claremont, N. H., aged 13, was reproved by his mother the other day, whereupon he went into a woodshed and emptied the chambers of a revolver into his head.

A TRAIN carrying Austrian soldiers went through a bridge spanning the Drave, near Ezek, on the 23d. Fifteen hussars were drowned and some thirty injured.

THE Chinese quarter of Susanville, Cal., was fired the other morning. Loss, \$150,000.

MRS. JANE HICKEY and Christopher Carten were drowned in a canal lock near New Brunswick, N. J., on the 23d.

WM. MCGEEARY, aged 16, went coon-hunting near Painesville, Ohio, the other night, and lost his life while felling a tree. His body was found by some workmen who were led to the spot by the boy's dog.

MRS. ELSA MILLS and her daughter Hattie, 18 years of age, were thrown from a wagon by a runaway horse, near Gallipolis, Ohio, the other day. Mrs. Mills was killed instantly; the young lady escaped with a few bruises.

EDWARD SIDDOES, in jail at Cincinnati for assaulting a little girl, was fatally burned by the explosion of a lamp in his cell the other night.

GEORGE RATHSACK, of Manitowoc, Wis., a native of Poland, deliberately split open his wife's head, the other day, because she would not give him money to purchase liquor. He then took \$15 from her pockets and fled. His mother witnessed the tragedy.

JACK CHAPMAN, colored, was executed at Bellevue, La., on the 23d, for the murder of John Williams.

CHICAGO butchers are erecting on a wharf at New York a two-story refrigerator, eighty feet long and twenty feet wide, in which to store dressed beef slaughtered on the prairies.

THE friends of John B. Davis, president of the suspended banking company of Richmond, Virginia, have executed papers covering his indebtedness and securing depositors in full.

AN insane daughter of James Cleveland, of Nashville, Tenn., poisoned six members of the family by putting strychnine in the coffee, a few days ago. The father is already dead, and one of the daughters can not recover.

THE Exhibition building at Sydney, New South Wales, with all its contents, was swept away by fire. The loss is reported at \$500,000.

B. F. CAMERON, a wealthy planter, and his daughter Lena, were brought into Dallas, Texas, the other day, and delivered to the county authorities, both raving maniacs. Mr. Cameron was insane about eighteen months ago, but after a term of three months in the State Asylum was released as cured. He and his daughter are now so violent they have to be secured by chains.

Two men were killed and several injured by the explosion of a gun on Castle William, Governor's Island, New York, on the 23d.

JAMES WALL, James Conway and William Dugan were drowned by the upsetting of a sailboat near Buffalo, N. Y., on the 23d.

STEPHEN DAY, of Mount Holly, Ohio, saved up \$13,000 and kept it in his house until a day or two ago, when somebody slipped in during his absence and walked off with every cent.

MRS. ADAM EBLING, of Union Deposit, Pa., lost a child, the other day, and could not bear to be separated from it, so

she cut her throat and the two were buried together.

THE Franklin sugar refinery, Philadelphia, Pa., was damaged by fire, Sept. 25 to the extent of about \$1,000,000.

JACOB KUNTZ, a merchant of Fond du Lac, Wis., was murdered and robbed at Barton early on the 25th.

JOSEPH DUNN, of Whately, Mass., has been arrested for poisoning his wife. He says it is a trumped-up charge to cheat him out of some property.

B. S. CRAMER, well known in St. Louis, Mo., took a fatal dose of laudanum in Baltimore, Md., on the 24th.

J. W. HANKS, aged 50, hanged himself in his barn near Deatur, Ill., the other day. Domestic troubles are mentioned. He had a farm of 500 acres and plenty of stock.

A FARMER named McCracken married a Miss Read, near Leroy, Ill., a few days ago, and a charity party celebrated the event with a frightful din. The groom opened fire with a revolver, and the bride used a shot-gun. Johnson Boone was seriously injured, and Messrs. Merrifield and Drake were badly hurt.

THOMAS DODD, of Covington, Ky., was shot dead while standing on his own door-step the other night. Edward Welsh, father of a young girl who expected to marry Dodd, has been arrested on suspicion.

G. W. FOSTER, a printer hailing from Pittsburg, Pa., got into jail at Syracuse, N. Y., the other day, through some mistake and committed suicide.

CHARLES SHOWERS, aged 21, boarded a train at Canton, Ohio, the other night, intending to jump off at a crossing a few miles distant. His body was found the next morning, the top of his head cut off and his brains scattered along the track.

An old gentleman named Wood, living in Fullerton, De Witt County, Ill., says that while walking in the streets of Bloomington, a few days ago, he was seized by two men, who said they were detectives and that they wanted him for passing counterfeit money. Despite his resistance he was hurried to the train and taken to Kansas City, Mo. On arriving there it was speedily seen he was not the man wanted, whereupon the alleged detectives slipped out of the justice's court and left Mr. Wood, who was compelled to pay his fare home, to depart without learning the identity of those who committed the outrage.

ALONZO FOLLETT, a New York broker, made an assignment to Solomon Hanford. An attachment against the property was obtained by Henry Werner, who claimed that fraud was being perpetrated on the creditors. Follett is said to have fled, and his liabilities are estimated as high as \$600,000. He and John S. Tuttle are proprietors of an extensive nursery at Bloomington, Ill., where Follett's interest was attached the other day by a New York party.

M. S. THOMPSON, Vice-President of the Washington Ice Company, of Chicago, mysteriously disappeared some days ago, leaving an invalid wife. He is believed to have sunk from \$50,000 to \$75,000 in grain speculations.

THE stereotype plates of nine volumes of Dickens' works have disappeared from a Boston publishing house.

THE heirs of Francis L. Farmer, of Indianapolis, Ind., are contesting a will which gave \$5,000 to Bishop Chatham, and \$2,000 to four children, leaving \$100,000 to accrue for the benefit of the estate.

A WABASH train loaded with choice stock which had been on exhibition at the Sangamon County Fair, was wrecked on a switch near Pekin, Ill., the other day, killing one man and seriously injuring six others.

JULIE BOISVERT, not twenty years of age, has been found guilty, at the Montreal Assizes Court, of administering corrosive sublimate to an infant child of Mrs. Noel, by whom she was employed as nurse.

## LATE NEWS ITEMS.

THE Khedive held a grand reception in Cairo on the 28th. Nearly a thousand representatives of different villages were present. He refused to receive many implicated Egyptians, and warned the Ulema and other high personages that they would be severely punished if they relapsed into disloyalty. The principal British officers were present. Gen. Wolseley, however, was unable to attend.

GEORGE SCOVILLE, of Chicago, has fled an answer and cross-bill to the petition of his wife for a divorce. He charges her with unbecoming conduct, particularly in that she fell desperately in love with one Geo. E. Earle; that she has been largely led into queer notions by George Francis Train, and that she was also too intimate with Dr. Mary Walker, N. C. Bolin and Lewis Hanchett.

A GALLERY in the Exposition Building at Pittsburg, Pa., went down with a number of visitors the other evening. Barbara Shaw, of Allegheny, and C. H. Taylor, of Wheeling, W. Va., were fatally injured. Five others were hurt.

FOUR miners were buried under a mass of coal at Lookoping, Md., the other morning. Louis Cook was rescued, but his injuries were pronounced serious. An explosion of fire-damp near Wilkes-Barre, Pa., on the same day, killed one man and injured four others. Several hundred yards of the Lackawanna main track settled two or three feet.

YELLOW FEVER is not abating along the Rio Grande. At Pensacola, Fla., there have been 344 cases and forty-one deaths. The disease there continues to spread.

At Covington, Tenn., Sept. 25, Emily Wilson and Lizzie Kemp fought about their children. The latter cut the former's throat with a razor and killed her. The murderers were arrested.

Two hundred Northern Cheyennes with good hearts and the best intentions have left the Pine Ridge agency for a change of scene somewhere in the neighborhood of Fort Keogh, Montana.

MISS AMANDA GILMORE dropped dead while playing the organ in church at Arlington, Texas, the other night.

FIVE convicts escaped from jail at Huntsville, Texas, the other morning, by way of the sewer. One was killed, one wounded, two captured, and bloodhounds went after the fifth.

THE Controller has informed the Common Council of Milwaukee, Wis., that he has discovered a shortage in funds of nearly \$480,000, caused by overdraws and mismanagement on the part of former officers. He also wishes the city fathers to understand that he will ignore any act of theirs "that does not conform strictly to the law and safety to the community."

## MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Republican State Convention at Jefferson City.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Sept. 20.

The Convention was called to order shortly after the appointed hour by Mr. R. Crowell, member of the late Republican State Central Committee from the Eighth District. Mr. Crowell stated that the Convention had been called for the purpose of giving the Republicans of the State an opportunity to decide what policy should be pursued in regard to the nomination of a State ticket, an opportunity which no man or set of men had the right to deprive them of, and informed the Convention that the delegates in the State all but twenty were represented. He then announced that the committee of the minority of the late Republican State Central Committee had agreed upon Maj. William Warner, of Jackson County, as temporary Chairman. The temporary organization was effected by the calling to the Secretary's desk of Wm. Miller, of Calhoun, with John Montie, of Jefferson, as assistant. The committees necessary to the transaction of business were then appointed. After recess Col. Fryer, from committee on permanent organization and order of business, submitted a report recommending Mr. C. H. Krum, of St. Louis, for permanent Chairman, a Vice-President from each district and the continuation of the temporary Secretary, Miller, with five assistants, led by Joseph Wherry. For Sergeant-at-Arms, Messrs. Fred Babine and Alfred Elliot were nominated. On order of business the committee recommended the nomination of a Supreme Judge, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Railroad Commissioner, and the election of a central committee, of which Mr. Miller was Chairman, by district membership, and finally the adoption of the rules of the previous convention. The delegates were then seated, and Judge Krum was escorted to the chair, which he assumed after a complimentary introduction.

Judge David Wagner was nominated for Judge of the Supreme Court. O. C. Hill for Chief Justice, and R. H. Hunt for Railroad Commissioner. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, that we hereby declare our political faith as follows: We believe in the fundamental principles heretofore announced and successfully put in practice by the Republican party, to wit: the right of every citizen, without distinction of race, color, or religion, to the enjoyment of the rights of citizenship, and the maintenance of the Union as the indispensable condition of national and individual freedom and prosperity; the faithful execution of every presidential election; the maintenance of a stable and uniform currency based, not on promises, but on convertibility into gold; the maintenance of the integrity of the value of the world's duties for revenue to be so imposed as to give all needed and reasonable aid to the American people, without favoring monopolies; faith in the progress of civilization, and, as a necessary means, toward the improvement, reformation and readjustment of our political and civil institutions.

We believe in the right of every citizen to the universal testimony of mingled grief and respect borne by the civilized world to the noble and heroic death of President Garfield, whose illustrious career was cut short by an assassin's hand. Arthur we honor as the greatest assurance of our hearty support in all efforts to conduct the administration of public affairs for the benefit of the people, and express our satisfaction at the broad and national views set forth in his special message of April 17, 1882, recommending the re-election of President Garfield.

It is a cardinal principle of our political faith that all power is derived from the people. From this it necessarily follows that the powers and duties of committees of the party organizations have no greater scope than that implied and understood in their appointment, the true limit of their authority being the management of the local canvass, obedience to express instructions, if any, from the body appointing them, and faithful execution of the duties assigned to them upon the eve of an election.

We affirm that the individual liberty of the citizen should be subject to the control only so far as demanded by the general welfare; that it is the duty of the State to so legislate as to secure the best good on the greatest number of its inhabitants. Recognizing the principle that the unrestrained traffic in intoxicating liquors jeopardizes the safety, health and morality of the people, and that the sale of such liquors is a source of great evil, we believe and declare that it is the duty of the State to restrain the abuse of intoxicating liquors, and reduce its harmfulness to a minimum. To this end we demand the vigorous enforcement of existing laws, and the enactment and enforcement of such further statutes as shall enable the people of the several localities and sub-divisions of the State to determine for themselves whether dispensaries shall exist among them or not; also a large increase of the cost of licenses, so that the liquor traffic shall bear its just proportion to taxation, and be conducted by responsible persons; also that the sale of liquor in saloons shall be made strictly liable at law in damages for injuries to the third person resulting therefrom, and for the punishment by imprisonment of all persons violating said laws, so that a strict and adequate control of said traffic shall be maintained wherever it is permitted; and we further believe that the rigid and impartial enforcement of laws such as above proposed will tend to the maintenance and practical remedy for the evils of intemperance, and any attempt to enforce general prohibitory laws against adverse local sentiment.

We denounce as destructive not only to the welfare and permanency of the party, but also to free Republican institutions, the vicious and corrupt system of "boss-rule," by which the party is controlled by a few men, who, for the sake of power, pervert and abuse for their personal profit the party organization, whose only legitimate purpose is to secure the election of men in support of definite political principles, sincerely held; and since "boss-rule," that ulcer of American politics, has grown up out of the abuses of political patronage, commonly known as the spoils system, we believe and declare that it is the duty of the party to take prompt and effective measures to prevent its recurrence, and that removal from office shall not be at the caprice or for the benefit of the would-be successors, but solely for good and sufficient public cause.

We believe that the safety and perpetuity of the Republic depend upon the intelligence and education of the citizens; and that it is the duty of the State to afford the amplest facilities for the education of the masses at public expense, and we demand that the public school system of this State be made so comprehensive as to include in all parts good school facilities for at least eight months' school in every year. We arraign the Democratic party for their shameful neglect to provide suitable legislation for the public schools of the State, by reason of which the present necessary for their support have become depleted and the law left in such a confused condition as to greatly hamper the workings of any system.

We also arraign the Democratic party of this State for its notorious disregard of the rights of the colored people, and its failure to support the consolidation of railroad corporations operating and controlling parallel and competing lines in open violation of unmistakable and plain constitutional enactments. We have seen in our State parallel to the case of the Southern Railway, and we believe that the people and the State in defiance of their expressed will, without regard to the rights of the colored people, have executive officers of the State to prevent or undo the wrong, or bring the transgressors to justice.

While Miller Morris was driving into St. Joseph with a load of wood, the other morning, a stray ball from a gun in the hands of some boys who were target-shooting struck him in the muscle of the arm, inflicting a painful and probably serious wound.

R. M. Russell, a blackmailing bogus detective, was arrested at the St. James Hotel, Kansas City, the other night, upon receipt of a telegram from Sheriff Mason, of St. Louis. The fellow pretended to be greatly surprised, and said his arrest was a piece of spite.

Big apples are the boast of every county in Missouri this year.

## FLOODS AT THE EAST.

The Heaviest Rain-Storm Known for Years—Great Damage to Property—Several Lives Lost.

PATERSON, N. J., September 23.

One of the most extraordinary storms in the recollection of the present generation has prevailed in and about Paterson the past two days, and to-day's storm was accompanied by the loss of life. The rain fell heavily most of the day, the rain gauge showing a total of 4.97 inches for the first twenty-four hours up to nine a. m. to-day, and two inches had fallen during Friday. To-day the rain came down with still greater force, and between one and two p. m. the rain gauge showed a fall of 3.98 inches, making the total for the day 5.92 inches. About three p. m. the rain slackened, but still came down steadily during the evening. The total fall for the thirty-six hours up to nine o'clock to-night was fifteen inches. During last night the wind shifted four and a half feet, and the water began pouring over the falls once more. All day to-day the river rose steadily, and during the afternoon the water got higher at the rate of eighteen inches per hour, so that to-night it was higher than at any time since the memorable flood of 1810, which was the highest on record. The Oldham Brook, the principal tributary of the Passaic near Paterson, just above the city, rose with great rapidity, and about two p. m. burst through the mill-dam at Oldham. The torrent thus suddenly released rushed furiously down the stream, sweeping all before it, including several bridges and a part of the horse-railroad track. A brick and stone arch bridge erected by the county at a cost of \$8,000 ten years ago, and recently repaired at a cost of \$8,000 more, on Redwood avenue, near the city, was undermined and washed away by the relentless flood. Dr. Myers, the city physician, driving up to the institution and to visit the small-pox patients, got to the bridge as the flood was beating savagely against it. He urged his horse over and had barely reached the other side when he heard behind him a terrific roar, and looking back saw the whole bridge tumbling into the stream and carried down the channel. A massive retaining wall of stone adjoining the bridge to protect the almshouse property from encroachment by the stream, was also down with a rush, and in a twinkling the mad torrent was eating its way into the sand-bank on which the almshouse rests.

Martin Rosseter, a gentleman aged about seventy, lived in a pleasant cottage along the river bank, near the outlet of the Oldham Brook, with his family, and had some fine stock on his farm. About three o'clock he tried to drive along the road near the river, when the flood came down with such a sudden rush that before he could get out of its way he was swept into the swift current of the river, and with horse and wagon was carried down and out of sight before any one could extend him a helping hand.

All the cellars along the river below the falls were flooded, and several of the almshouse mills had their lower floors filled with water. The great damage to the machinery was done by the great locomotive works had to shut down on account of the great flood.

The flood dashed with such violence against the Lincoln bridge, above the city, that it finally gave way, and went down with a mighty crash. The bridge consisted of two iron spans, very substantially built, one span about 130 feet and the other about ninety feet, resting on an island in the river. The bridge cost about \$60,000 in all. It was one of the best bridges in the country, the masonry and superstructure being of the most substantial character. The Hobokan stream also felt the effects of the great storm, and last night Zabriskie's Mill, at Hobokan, which was about to be converted into a rubber factory went down the stream, involving a loss of perhaps \$15,000. The heavy rains have inundated all the meadows near the city of Hoboken. Houses are cut off from the streets by sheets of water, and the occupants are obliged to sail on rafts to get from the sidewalks to their front doors. The ravine road sewer which empties near the meadows yielded to the increased pressure, and burst this morning. This burst let all the water from Jersey City Heights out upon the meadows and increased the discomfiture of those residing there.

There has been immense damage in Hudson County, N. J. Entire sections of Jersey City and Hoboken are inundated. Cellars and basements are flooded. The inhabitants are taking refuge on the upper floors. The Jersey avenue wooden pavement was hurried into the Hudson river, completely choking them. The waters, turning into the houses, destroying carpets, etc. Morris Canal is overflowed, and the tow-paths washed. A section of one of the main sewers, twenty-eight by six feet, was lifted bodily out of place, and the rushing waters dashed into the air like a fountain. Dwellers on the "Meadows" were rescued by boats and rafts.

The new tunnel of the New York, Ontario & Western Railroad was damaged between 8 & 9 o'clock and \$100,000.

By the giving way of a bridge over Berry's Creek a freight train was precipitated into the stream. Edward Webber, the conductor, was killed. George Currie, the engineer, and Francis Burke, a fireman, probably fatally injured.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., September 24. French's dam, the last dam on the river remaining in Green Brook, this city, gave way at ten o'clock last night. The flood then carried away two frame buildings at Somerset street. A large hole was washed through French's four-story carriage factory. Fred Moore, a boy, was lost off one bridge, and in Bound Brook the water rose suddenly, flowing ten feet deep through the main street, lined on both sides with stores. The water rose over the show-cases, and a large amount of goods was ruined. In the Hamsey Hotel the water is almost to the top of the bar. One family were rescued from a house by a boat. The Elm Park Hotel is submerged almost to the roof.

The flood is the highest known in Bound Brook. It was nearly three feet higher than that of July, 1865, which was the greatest previously recorded. More loss was done in Bound Brook by the fire which destroyed the greater part of the town some months ago.

The damage caused by the heavy rains in other portions of New Jersey, in Connecticut, Pennsylvania, North Carolina, and Virginia, is great, and the rain-fall in many sections is unprecedented. Nearly eleven inches fell at Philadelphia in seventy-two hours.

A Connecticut dairyman, having brewed half a barrel of strong beer, and having carelessly left it exposed, one of his cows found the beer and drank it, the result being that those who drank of her milk became visibly affected. From the number of men within ten miles of that dairy who have since blamed their peculiar condition on that cow's milk it is estimated that she must have given about 300 gallons on that night. —Philadelphia News.

Captain Sam, the Shoshone, Chief, died in Lander County, Nevada, recently, and according to the big medicine man of his tribe, his death was caused from the influence exercised by evil spirits in his horses. The superstitious Indians cut the throats of all of them—four in number—and now think they are safe.

A Boston court has decided that ice cream is not to be classified among the necessities of life, and has fined a confectioner ten dollars and costs for selling it on Sunday.

The trade in cotton in Montgomery, Ala., last season footed up \$6,000,000.

## Miss Morrison's Thrilling Story of the Wreck of the Steamer Asia.

PARRY SOUND, ONT., Sept. 21.

At the Coroner's inquest over the remains of the victims of the late Asia disaster Miss Christy Ann Morrison, the only lady survivor of the wreck, gave substantially the following testimony:

"I took passage on the Asia on the evening of the 14th. During the night the boat rolled heavily and seemed to be overladen and very much crowded with passengers. The night passed quietly however and there was no disturbance except what came from sea-sick children. I occupied an upper berth in a stateroom and was quite wakeful. I saw the top of the Asia was heavily and luxuriously furnished. The first thing I had of danger was about 11 o'clock, when the mate told me they had thrown overboard a number of horses and that the remainder of the freight would have to follow. The boat was rolling so much that I put on my life-preserver, and saw by the cabin door until the water came into the cabin. Then by catching hold of the door and railing I managed to make my way to the upper deck. The boat then seemed to be settling fast. The life-boat was near and I lowered myself into the water, and the Captain caught me and held me till the mate came and helped me into the boat. At that time there were twelve persons aboard, all strangers except the mate, and their own craft upon. They seemed to be destitute of arms, none of the boats being supplied except our own. I did not see any person left on the steamer after we left her side. The boats ran along together for a time and then the other two parted. They upset three times, and every time they righted some of the passengers were missing. When they righted for the third time I had disappeared except six who managed to get into our boat. Twenty minutes after our boat capsized, I held on to the ropes and when she righted I was in again. After she righted I heard some one say that three were gone. Our boat consisted of three times and six persons were missing. After the number was reduced to seven the boat did not capsize any more and the storm began to moderate. After dark we saw a light-house which the mate said was Bying Light. When we saw the light all cheered up considerably, but soon after that of the crew that I knew in our boat were the Captain and mate. After the stranger died two others died almost immediately together. They just seemed to perish. They did not seem to have sustained any internal injury. I did not hear them complain of any injury. About midnight the mate succumbed, and about ten minutes after him the Captain died. At the time they died the sea was quite calm, and the wind was moderate. Shortly after day-break I saw the body of a man floating on the water. When we landed we drew the boat on shore and walked along a piece, and, finding we could not walk, we returned to the boat, and Mr. Tinkis took the bodies out of the boat and laid them on the shore. We then went into the boat again, and rowed along with our oars, picked up having lost our oars when we capsized to find a place—a habitable place. That was the last I saw of the bodies. I know that we left the bodies of John Saville and John McDaniel, and I know that the bodies of the other two were on the island on which we first landed. On the following (Friday) night we slept on the rocks. Next morning we again got into our boat and rowed until, in despair, we gave up. We went ashore again, laid down, and slept. Then the land came along, and we engaged him to bring us to the shore. We then went on to the shore, and found that the bodies of the three who were missing were on the shore. There was not any conversation in the boat at all, except when we saw the light. Then we sang a couple of sacred songs. The other two boats were full of people. I do not believe that the three who were missing were ever capable of holding all the passengers were occupied. I know this because when I embarked the mate had considerable trouble in getting a bed for me. Two other ladies shared the room with me. The lady's maid told me that all the other rooms were filled. Some passengers were lying on sofas and the cabin floor. They so laid because they could not get berths. The lady's maid and purser said so."

A party was formed after the wreck to search for the persons who died as a result of the disaster. The bodies were prepared, the bodies were lifted in and they were